

# The Daily Courant.

Monday, October 23 1704

From the Paris Gazette, dated Octob. 25.

Venice, October 24.

**L** E T T E R S from divers Places of the Terra Firma, have advis'd that the Imperialists being reinforc'd by some Regiments were mov'd into the Bressan, down the other side of the Lake of Guarda, through the Valley of Anso; and the Advices we receiv'd this Week from Verona and Brescia, confirm this News, which has been current of above this Month; with this Addition only, that the German Cavalry began to appear near the Lake of Iseo and Salo, the Mountains of the Trentin affording them no Forrage now Winter is so nigh. The grand Prior of France has caus'd the Posts of the Mantuan to be fortified with great care, particularly Revere and Ostiglia, and a Hornwork is added to the latter on that side towards the Vallies of the Ferrareze; the Towers of Serravalle and Pontemolino are well fortified likewise. He has made like Dispositions also on the other side of the Mincio, towards the Frontiers of the Bressan and the Mantuan; has his Head-Quarters still at Medoli, and has Quartered his Troops in such a manner that he can draw them together in 24 Hours. He is to be joynd by 4 or 5000 Men, which his Brother the Duke of Vendome has sent to him, and whose Rooms will be supply'd by the Troops which the Duke de la Fenillade has brought into the Valley of Aoste. The Prince of Vaudemont has set Men at work likewise to fortify the Banks of the Oglio and the Town of Soncino, which Place will be render'd strong enough to endure a Siege, because 'tis situate on the Oglio, where the Cremonese ends, between the Bressan and the Cremasque. He has likewise reinforc'd the Garrison of Lodi, and has caus'd all the Troops that were in and about the Ghiara d'Adda, to march towards Soncino and the Cremonese. The Grand Signior's Envoy having demanded an Audience of Leave, was last Week conducted to it with Ceremony by the Signiors Grimani and Nani, who at his arrival here were nominated to accompany him, and who conducted him back to his Lodgings with the same Ceremony: And afterwards the Chevalier Ruzzini, who is elected to go Ambassador extraordinary to Constantinople to compliment the Grand Signior on his Accession to the Throne, gave this Envoy a magnificent Entertainment in a Palace on the Brenta. The 27th of last Month, the said Envoy was conducted to the Senate, and the Answer of the Republick to the Letter he brought from his Master, were deliver'd to him: The 28th, the Presents order'd to be given him on the part of the Republick, were carried to him, viz. a Purse of 1000 Zequins, 2 fine Clocks, 24 Vests of Cloth of Gold and Silk, 2 large Looking-Glasses in rich Frames, several lesser Looking-Glasses, 6 Pieces of Cloth of different Colours, and several other things. Upon a Resolution taken to appoint 5 Persons to amend the Laws, the great Council elected them the 24th Ult. and they are now diligently employ'd in reforming several Abuses that had crept into the Administration of the Laws.

The Prints that came by the last Post, afford no Account of the Imperialists in the Bressan, more than what is contain'd among other things in the following Article from Vienna.

From the Amsterdam and Harlem Courants, and Amsterdam and Leiden Gazettes, dated Oct. 28.

Vienna, October 15. The Count de Gallasch, one of the Emperor's Privy Councillors, being appointed to go Ambassador to England, will set out from hence in a few days, his Servants with his Baggage being already gone before. They write from Prague that Count Hohenlo was brought thither t'other day, from the Army on the Rhine, fetter'd and manacled, and put under close Confinement in the White Tower: We cannot learn yet what Crime he stands charg'd with; but Commissioners are to be sent from hence to examine him. The Prince of Portia, and Monsieur Plotner, will speedily set out on the Embassy to Muscovy; and 'tis reported the English Minister Mr. Whitworth, will go with them, to negotiate with the Czar some Affair relating to Commerce. The Muscovite Ambassador residing here, having notified to the Court that his Master has taken Nerva, gave an Entertainment on that Occasion the 12th and 13th instant to several Persons of Quality, among which were all the Foreign Ministers, the Envoy of Sweden excepted. The Emperor has made a Present of 6000 Florins to the said Muscovite Ambassador. Yesterday came Advice from the Count de Leiningen, that he is arriv'd with the Body of Troops he commands at Gullione, and that he will halt there till the Reinforcements he expects from Stiria and Tyrol (which are actually marching to him) have joynd him: And that he had sent out 100 Hussars to get Intelligence, who fell in with a Body of the Enemies Troops, yet had the good Fortune to get off and return to his Camp, having lost 12 Men, but bringing with them 14 French Troopers. The Baron de Schirmay has sent Advice, that after 3 days Attendance he has not been able to obtain an Audience of Prince Ragotski; whose Time is taken up, and his Motions diligently observ'd by the Envoys of France and Bavaria, who use their utmost Endeavours to traverse the Treaty of Accomodation now in Hand. However, we hear from Presbourg, that the Count de Cohari, and Baron Zeyler, the Emperor's Plenipotentiaries, having receiv'd a new Passport from Prince Ragotski (who is at present at the warm Baths near Schemnitz, for his Health,) set out from Presbourg t'other Day for Schemnitz: The Count de Lamberg, who went thither from Raab some Days before, is attended (out of Compliment as is pretended to his Excellency) by a Guard of 30 of the Malecontents as often as he stirs abroad. We have further Advice, that the 2 forementioned Imperial Plenipotentiaries, are actually arriv'd at Schemnitz, and that the Conferences are already begun with the Deputies of the Malecontents, upon the Preliminaries to the Treaty: But we learn at the same time there are great Difficulties in this Affair to be got over; for the Malecontents insist strenuously on such Conditions as they judge will secure to them the Liberties they claim; in particular they insist, that



that all Jesuites be expell'd the Kingdom, and that they restore all that the Emperor has given them in Hungary since the last War with the Turks; and that the Garrisons of the fortified Places of their Country be compos'd of none but native Hungarians. 'Tis observ'd that they are grown less tractable since they possess'd themselves of Cassovia, Eperies, and Sentre in the Upper Hungary, in which they found a considerable Train of Artillery, and a great quantity of Ammunition; and the suspension of Arms expiring this Day, we are in Apprehension they will make an Inruption into the lower Austria or the adjacent Countries; because great Numbers of them are drawing together in the greater and lesser Islands of Schut, as also on the other side the Rivers Mark and Waag. Not many Days ago, one of their Parties of 60 Men came into the Vineyards near Presbourg, to give some Disturbance to the People that were getting in the Vintage; but were driven away by a Detachment of 16 Men only of the Garrison of that Place. We are assur'd the Emperor's Plenipotentiaries are to demand, if they have not done it already as a preliminary to the Treaty, that the Malecontents forthwith evacuate Cassovia and the other 2 Places beforementioned, as being taken contrary to the Laws of War and in Breach of Faith given, during the suspension of Arms: They are likewise instructed to propose a prolongation of the suspension of Arms; and we shall know in a little time by the Answers and further Proceedings of the Malecontents, whether they are in good earnest dispos'd to an Accommodation; mean time 'tis rumour'd, that after the Siege of Landau, 10 Regiments of Imperialists will be order'd hither, and be sent to Hungary to reduce the Malecontents by force of Arms, if they cannot be brought to fair and reasonable Terms by that time; and on the other side, 'tis said the Malecontents think of Invading Moravia with 30 or 40000 Men, if they find the Emperor resolutely averse to give them that Satisfaction and Security they count just.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Oct. 25.  
*Strasbourg*, October 15. Letters from Ratisbon of the 9th of this Month tell us, that Provisions grew dearer there every day by reason of the Neighbourhood of the Imperial Troops, and of those of Bavaria: That General Weckel had made 2 Detachments of the Bavarian Troops, one of which pass'd the Danube 2 Leagues from Ratisbon, and made Incursions on that side; and that the other ravag'd the Country depending on the Duchy of Neubourg: that the Diet and the Magistrates of Ratisbon had propos'd, that the Imperialists quarter'd in the Territory of Ratisbon, should make no more Irruptions into Bavaria; nor the Bavarians into the Territories of Ratisbon; and that it was suppos'd this Proposal would be accepted by the Generals of the Imperialists, the rather because the Bavarians are in a Condition to defend themselves, having 18 or 20000 Men in the Field.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Octob. 28.  
*Ausbourg*, October 20. The French having compell'd the Hostages which they carried from this City to Strasbourg, to give Security for the payment of 50000 Crowns before they would release them; Our Magistrates and Burghers by way of Reprisal, seiz'd some French Officers that were left here Sick or Wounded, and sent them to other Day Prisoners to Donawert, till they have paid or given Security to pay the like Summ. The Estates of Bavaria finding their Country in Danger of being ruin'd by the Imperialists, seem to be now very much dispos'd to submit to the Emperor: But the Electress opposes it still strenuously, in hopes of gaining tolerable Terms of Accommodation; and if she miss that Aim, she will retire to Brussels to the Elector. Mean time the Consternation of the Bavarians is encreas'd, by the Advice they have received, that after Landau is taken

a considerable Number of the Emperor's, the King of Prussia's, and the Circle of Franconia's Troops employ'd in that Siege, will come and take Winter Quarters in Bavaria. 'Tis said, the Governour of Straubing is order'd by the Estates of the Country, to yield up that Place to the Elector of Bavaria, rather than suffer it to be ruin'd by his Artillery.

**A**T the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, this present Monday being the 23d of October, will be presented a Comedy call'd, *The Silent Woman*. Written by the Famous Ben. Johnson. With several Entertainments of Dancing by Mrs. du Ruel, and also Entertainments of Singing. And tomorrow will be reviv'd a Comedy call'd, *Sir Courtly Nice*, or, *It cannot be*. The Part of Sir Thomas Calico to be perform'd by Mr. Estcourt. Beginning exactly at half an hour after Five a Clock.

These Plays are Sold by Richard Wellington at the Dolphin and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard. Where you may have most Novels.

**A Gold Watch Case lost going in or at the Old Play-house on Wednesday night last**, If found to be brought to Henry Harkney's Goldsmith at the Ball in Fenchurch-street, the Person that brings it shall have a Guinea Reward.

**Whereas by the Approbation of the Royal Society**, Proposals were publish'd in May 1703 by T. Benner, R. Knaplock and R. Wilkin, Booksellers in St. Paul's Church-yard, for Printing the Philosophical Transactions dispos'd under General Heads, and which should have been ready for the Subscribers before the end of Michaelmas Term in the same Year. This is to give Notice, that (for the Reputation of the Work, and for the full Satisfaction of all Gentlemen who have been Incouragers of it) the Author has taken so great Care in Methodizing and Correcting the Multitude of Papers contain'd in it, that the Publication has been thereby delay'd a whole Year beyond the Time intended. But now all the Copy being ready, and above 240 Sheets actually printed off, (the full Number first propos'd) yet such Gentlemen as desire the Advantage of Subscribing, and who make their first Payment (10s.) before the 20th of November, shall have all the Allowance offer'd in the first Proposals. N.B. All the Cuts are now grav'd, nothing material is left out, nor will the Reader be burthen'd with any thing that could be spar'd without prejudice to the Sense of the several Ingenious Authors. It will certainly be publish'd before the end of November next, and altho' the Bulk of it will be increas'd by above 40 Sheets more than were at first intended, yet no Advance will be expected for that great Addition by the Undertakers.

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**God's Providence in Raising up and Abasing Cruel Oppressors**, Explain'd and Improv'd, In a Sermon preach'd September 7. 1794. To the Congregation of Dissenters in Brentford, being a Day of Thanksgiving for the Glorious Victory obtain'd over the Forces of France and Bavaria, by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough. By John Walker, V.D.M. Printed for John Lawrence at the Angel in the Poultry.

**A New Sett of 41 Maps**, both of ancient and present Geography, together with a Treatise concerning the Use and Design of these Maps. By Edward Wells, D.D. Printed at the Theatre Oxon. and Sold by Tho. Bennet at the Half Moon in St. Paul's Church-yard.